

The Present Perfect

I, you we, you, they	+	have	+	Verb + -ed (regelmäßig) oder 3. Form (Past Participle) (unregelmäßig)
he, she, it		has		

Verwendung

Present Perfect bezeichnet meist einen Vorgang,

- der in der Vergangenheit begonnen hat und bis in die Gegenwart andauert oder
- dessen Auswirkungen bis in die Gegenwart reichen.

Signalwörter

yet, so far, up to now, never, ever, just, already, still, ...

Beispiele

Steffi has broken her leg. (She cannot ride her bike.)

I haven't broken my leg (I can play football.)

Have you broken your leg? No, I haven't.

Exercise

Please form sentences using the present perfect. Write them into your exercise book.

Example: to do homework

You have done my homework.

You haven't done my homework.

Have you done my homework?

1. to feed the cat
2. to do the shopping
3. to understand this rule
4. to read the new book
5. to listen to the news